#### Defense Acquisition Regulations System, DoD

232.7201 Policy and procedures. 232.7202 Solicitation provision.

AUTHORITY: 41 U.S.C. 1303 and 48 CFR chapter 1.

SOURCE: 56 FR 36409, July 31, 1991, unless otherwise noted.

#### 232.001 Definitions.

Incremental funding means the partial funding of a contract or an exercised option, with additional funds anticipated to be provided at a later time.

[71 FR 18673, Apr. 12, 2006]

# 232.006 Reduction or suspension of contract payments upon finding of fraud.

#### 232.006-5 Reporting.

Departments and agencies in accordance with department/agency procedures, shall prepare and submit to the Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics), through the Director of Defense Procurement and Acquisition Policy, annual reports (Report Control Symbol DD-AT&L(A) 1891) containing the information required by FAR 32.006-5.

[63 FR 11535, Mar. 9, 1998, as amended at 65 FR 39705, June 27, 2000; 68 FR 7440, Feb. 14, 2002]

### 232.007 Contract financing payments.

(a) DoD policy is to make contract financing payments as quickly as possible. Generally, the contracting officer shall insert the standard due dates of 7 days for progress payments, and 14 days for performance-based payments and interim payments on cost-type contracts, in the appropriate paragraphs of the respective payment clauses. For interim payments on cost-reimbursement contracts for services, see 232.906(a)(i).

(b) The contracting officer should coordinate contract financing payment terms with offices that will be involved in the payment process to ensure that specified terms can be met. Where justified, the contracting officer may insert a due date greater than, but not less than, the standard. In determining payment terms, consider—

- (i) Geographical separation;
- (ii) Workload;
- (iii) Contractor ability to submit a proper request; and

(iv) Other factors that could affect timing of payment.

[70 FR 75412, Dec. 20, 2005]

#### 232.070 Responsibilities.

- (a) The Director of Defense Procurement and Acquisition Policy, Office of the Under Secretary of Defense (Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics) (OUSD(AT&L)DPAP) is responsible for ensuring uniform administration of DoD contract financing, including DoD contract financing policies and important related procedures. Agency discretion under FAR part 32 is at the DoD level and is not delegated to the departments and agencies. Proposals by the departments and agencies, to exercise agency discretion, shall be submitted to OUSD(AT&L)DPAP.
- (b) Departments and agencies are responsible for their day-to-day contract financing operations. Refer specific cases involving financing policy or important procedural issues to OUSD(AT&L)DPAP for consideration through the department/agency Contract Finance Committee members (also see Subpart 201.4 for deviation request and approval procedures).
- (c) See PGI 232.070(c) for information on department/agency contract financing offices.

[63 FR 11535, Mar. 9, 1998, as amended at 65 FR 39705, June 27, 2000; 68 FR 7440, Feb. 14, 2003; 70 FR 75412, Dec. 20, 2005; 72 FR 20765, Apr. 26, 2007]

#### 232.071 [Reserved]

## 232.072 Financial responsibility of contractors.

Use the policies and procedures in this section in determining the financial capability of current or prospective contractors.

[63 FR 11535, Mar. 9, 1998]

#### 232.072-1 Required financial reviews.

The contracting officer shall perform a financial review when the contracting officer does not otherwise have sufficient information to make a positive determination of financial responsibility. In addition, the contracting officer shall consider performing a financial review—

#### 232.072-2

- (a) Prior to award of a contract, when—
- (1) The contractor is on a list requiring preaward clearance or other special clearance before award;
- (2) The contractor is listed on the Consolidated List of Contractors Indebted to the Government (Hold-Up List), or is otherwise known to be indebted to the Government:
- (3) The contractor may receive Government assets such as contract financing payments or Government property;
- (4) The contractor is experiencing performance difficulties on other work; or
- (5) The contractor is a new company or a new supplier of the item.
- (b) At periodic intervals after award of a contract, when—
- (1) Any of the conditions in paragraphs (a)(2) through (a)(5) of this subsection are applicable; or
- (2) There is any other reason to question the contractor's ability to finance performance and completion of the contract.

[63 FR 11535, Mar. 9, 1998]

#### 232.072-2 Appropriate information.

- (a) The contracting officer shall obtain the type and depth of financial and other information that is required to establish a contractor's financial capability or disclose a contractor's financial condition. While the contracting officer should not request information that is not necessary for protection for the Government's interests, the contracting officer must insist upon obtaining the information that is necessary. The unwillingness or inability of a contractor to present reasonably requested information in a timely manner, especially information that a prudent business person would be expected to have and to use in the professional management of a business, may be a material fact in the determination of the contractor's responsibility and prospects for contract completion.
- (b) The contracting officer shall obtain the following information to the extent required to protect the Government's interest. In addition, if the contracting officer concludes that information not listed in paragraphs (b)(1)

through (b)(10) of this subsection is required to comply with 232.072–1, that information should be requested. The information must be for the person(s) who are legally liable for contract performance. If the contractor is not a corporation, the contracting officer shall obtain the required information for each individual/joint venturer/partner:

- (1) Balance sheet and income statement—  $\,$
- (i) For the current fiscal year (interim):
- (ii) For the most recent fiscal year and, preferably, for the 2 preceding fiscal years. These should be certified by an independent public accountant or by an appropriate officer of the firm; and
- (iii) Forecasted for each fiscal year for the remainder of the period of contract performance.
- (2) Summary history of the contractor and its principal managers, disclosing any previous insolvencies—corporate or personal, and describing its products or services.
- (3) Statement of all affiliations disclosing—
- (i) Material financial interests of the contractor:
- (ii) Material financial interests in the contractor:
- (iii) Material affiliations of owners, officers, directors, major stockholders;
- (iv) The major stockholders if the contractor is not a widely-traded, publicly-held corporation.
- (4) Statement of all forms of compensation to each officer, manager, partner, joint venturer, or proprietor, as appropriate—
- (i) Planned for the current year;
- (ii) Paid during the past 2 years; and (iii) Deferred to future periods.
- (5) Business base and forecast that—
- (i) Shows, by significant markets, existing contracts and outstanding offers, including those under negotiation; and
- (ii) Is reconcilable to indirect cost rate projections.
- (6) Cash forecast for the duration of the contract (see 232.072–3).
- (7) Financing arrangement information that discloses—
- (i) Availability of cash to finance contract performance;